

**Equality Impact
Assessment
Council Tax Reduction
Scheme (CTRS)**

DRAFT - HERK/01/01/2015/LSCT

Service Area	Revenues & Benefits Service
Policy/Service being assessed	Council Tax Reduction Scheme
Is this is a new or existing policy/service?	Existing Policy
If existing policy/service please state date of last assessment	29 August 2012
EIA Review team – List of members	Council Tax Reduction Project Group
Date of this assessment	15 October 2013
Signature of completing officer (to be signed after the EIA has been completed)	Anne Phillips
Name and signature of Head of Service (to be signed after the EIA has been completed)	Peter Robinson

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Form A1

INITIAL SCREENING FOR STRATEGIES/POLICIES/FUNCTIONS FOR EQUALITIES RELEVANCE TO ELIMINATE DISCRIMINATION AND PROMOTE EQUALITY



High relevance/priority



Medium relevance/priority



Low or no relevance/ priority

Note:

1. Tick coloured boxes appropriately, and depending on degree of relevance to each of the equality strands
2. Summaries of the legislation/guidance should be used to assist this screening process

Policy - CTRS	Relevance/Risk to Equalities																							
	Gender			Race			Disability			Sexual Orientation			Religion/Belief			Age			Socio-economic			Priority status For EIA		
State the Function/Policy /Service/Strategy being assessed:	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CTRS – Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16% of the council tax charge.			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓						✓		
CTRS – Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 24% of the council tax charge.			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓						✓		
CTRS – Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay 30% of the council tax charge.			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓						✓		
CTRS – Reduce the maximum			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓						✓		

Policy - CTRS	Relevance/Risk to Equalities																							
	Gender			Race			Disability			Sexual Orientation			Religion/Belief			Age			Socio-economic			Priority status For EIA		
State the Function/Policy /Service/Strategy being assessed:	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16% of the council tax charge (with a Band D Limit)																								
CTRS – Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 24% of the council tax charge (with a Band D Limit)			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓				✓		✓		
CTRS – Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 30% of the council tax charge(with a Band D Limit)			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓	✓				✓		✓		

Stage 1 – Scoping and Defining

(1) What are the aims and objectives of policy/service?

The Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS) has been in place since 01 April 2013 and replaced the National Council Tax Benefit (CTB) scheme. CTRS is a locally determined system of council tax support. The aim of the CTRS scheme is to provide financial assistance to council taxpayers who have low incomes.

Persons who are of state pension age (persons who have reached the qualifying age of State Pension Credit) are protected under the scheme in that the calculation of the reduction they are to receive has been set by Central Government.

For working age applicants however the reduction they receive is to be determined by the local authority.

	<p>This equality impact assessment looks at the potential for not only protecting pensioners (as required under the legislation) but also retaining a large amount of the protections already present for working age within the existing CTRS scheme carried forward from the CTB scheme.</p> <p>Where a working age claimant applies or continues to receive Council Tax Reduction, it is proposed that the reduction will be calculated on the same rules as the current CTRS scheme except for the following;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16%, 24% or 30% of the council tax charge. • Reduce the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16%, 24% or 30% of the council tax charge (with a Band D Limit) <p>These changes will apply from 01 April 2014.</p> <p>Central Government has not been prescriptive in how an authority should protect vulnerable groups, but points to the Council's existing responsibilities including the Child Poverty Act 2010, the Disabled Person Act 1986 and the Housing Act 1996 as well as the public sector equality duty in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010.</p> <p>The current level of assistance (<i>7090 claimants and average amount per week of £18.06 per claimant</i>) is provided for pension age claimants, details for working age claimants is given at the end of this assessment.</p>
<p>(2) How does the policy/service fit with the council's wider objectives?</p>	<p>All persons within the Council's area who have a low income may apply for support and assistance with their Council Tax.</p> <p>By making an application, providing evidence of their income and household circumstances, their potential entitlement for support will be calculated in line with Central Government prescribed requirements for the Council Tax Reduction scheme.</p> <p>The maintenance of a full reduction scheme, with few changes from the</p>

	<p>existing Council Tax Reduction Scheme fits with the Corporate objectives in that it meets, as far as possible, equality and sustainability.</p> <p>The reduction scheme assists the local economy and also ensures, as far as possible within the constraints on a reduced budget, that persons on a low income will be able to meet their Council Tax liability.</p> <p>Pension age claimants will not see a reduction in their support however working age cases will see a reduction in the support they currently receive.</p>
<p>(3) What are the expected outcomes of the policy/service? Who is intended to benefit from the policy/service and in what way?</p>	<p>The desired outcomes are as follows;</p> <p>Pension Age Claimants</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That all pensioners receive the level of support required by regulations set by Central Government (Council Tax Reduction Scheme (Prescribed Requirements) Regulations 2012); • That all pensioner claimants or existing working age claimants who rise to pension age are able to receive Council Tax Reduction in line with the regulations; and • That all pensioner claimants continue to receive the correct level of council tax reduction at all times. <p>Working Age Claimants</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That all working age claimants are still able to receive Council Tax Reduction but the level of reduction payable will reduce ; and • That all working age claimants continue to receive the correct level of council tax reduction at all times.

<p>(4) Does this policy/service have the potential to directly or indirectly discriminate against any particular group?</p> <p>Please identify all groups that are affected and briefly explain why</p>	<p>RACE NO</p> <p>The support scheme does not take race into account when calculating the level of support</p>	<p>AGE YES</p> <p>The support scheme takes into account age when calculating the level of support available. Pensioners will not see any reduction in the support paid (as they are protected under regulations set by central government). Working age claimants will be affected or lesser degree due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduction of the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16%, 24% or 30% of the council tax charge. or • Reduction of the maximum level of council tax reduction so that taxpayers have to pay at least 16%, 24% or 30% of the council tax charge (with a Band D Limit) 	<p>GENDER NO</p> <p>The support scheme does not take gender into account when calculating the level of support</p>
	<p>RELIGION/BELIEF NO</p> <p>The support scheme does not take religion or belief into account when calculating the level of support</p>	<p>DISABILITY NO</p> <p>The support scheme continues to have in-built protections for disability in the form of;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the award of additional premiums for disablement; • disregarding higher levels of income where a claimant is in remunerative work and is disabled; and • there is no requirement to have non dependant deductions where a claimant is disabled 	<p>SEXUAL ORIENTATION NO</p> <p>The support scheme does not take sexual orientation into account when calculating the level of support</p>

<p>(5) Are there any obvious barriers to accessing the service?</p>	<p>No – customers will continue to access the reduction scheme in an identical fashion to the existing Council Tax Reduction scheme. The approach of the Council has been to provide a range options for claiming and customers are encouraged to make a claim at any time.</p>
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<p>(6) How does the policy/service contribute to promotion of equality?</p>	<p>The Council Tax Reduction scheme provides essential help towards the Council Tax liability for all claimants on a low income. By continuing to assess entitlement on a mean tested basis, similar to the national approach to means tested benefits, the scheme is equitable albeit that the level of support overall may be reduced to working age claimants.</p>
<p>(7) Does the policy/service have the potential to promote good relations between groups?</p>	<p>Due to the nature of the cuts required in the level of council tax reduction, all working age claimants will see a reduction to their current entitlement, however the way that the Council is introducing the changes by maintaining the means test, allows the most vulnerable to receive a relatively higher level of support</p>

<p><u>Stage 2 - Information Gathering</u></p>	
<p>(1) What type and range of evidence or information have you used to help you make a judgement about the policy or service?</p>	<p>Extensive modelling from existing data. The modelling has been based on changes to the existing Council Tax Benefit scheme administered by the Council.</p> <p>Modelling information has included number of working age claimants and amount of council tax benefit paid (<i>7238 claimants and average amount per week of £15.24 per claimant</i>), claim numbers and benefit paid across council tax bands, range of income types and household make-up.</p>

<p>(2) What consultation/ information has been used? What new consultation, if any, do you need to undertake?</p>	<p>A full consultation with the public is being undertaken as required by the legislation (Local Government Finance Act 2012). Whilst pension age claimants are protected, the authority will still, as part of the consultation process, look to pension age claimants and pensioners generally to respond to the consultation itself.</p> <p>In respect of working age claimants, it is essential to consult with the group as, being of working age; they will be directly affected by any changes decided by the Council.</p> <p>The consultation process is comprehensive and encourages a full response to the changes to the current reduction scheme, (notwithstanding the fact that the authority is obliged to implement the scheme determined by Central Government for pension age claimants).</p> <p>Interest groups will also be directly consulted as part of the process.</p> <p>Public consultation is to take place during the period 28/10/13 until 09/12/2013</p>
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<u>Stage 3 – Making a Judgement</u>	
<p>(1) From your data and consultations is there any adverse or negative impact identified for any particular group?</p> <p>Is there any evidence of needs not being met?</p> <p>e.g. language or physical access barriers; lack of appropriate resources or facilities</p>	<p>To be completed after consultation is complete Update 05.12.13 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CAB - identified single parents particularly women – reliance on benefits due to difficulty finding employment • Herefordshire Headway – persons with head injuries sometimes unable to face changes and impact on their income and go into denial resulting in debt problems • RSL's – working age are already being impacted on other welfare reforms namely the spare room subsidy which reduces housing benefit entitlement • Remarks from consultation as at 29.11.13:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Existing % of CTAX payments causing hardship. ○ Herefordshire are targeting the poorest and most vulnerable
<p>(2) If there is an adverse impact, can this be justified?</p>	<p>To be completed after consultation is complete Update 05.12.13 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Socio-economic impact – for working age subject to reductions in housing benefit due to the spare room subsidy and benefit cap
<p>(3) What actions are going to be taken to reduce or eliminate negative or adverse impact?</p>	<p>To be completed after consultation is complete Update 05.12.13 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discretionary Housing payments available for housing benefit customers who are impacting from other welfare reform issues
<p>(4) Is there any positive impact? Does it promote equality of opportunity between different groups and actively address discrimination?</p>	<p>To be completed after consultation is complete Update 05.12.13 –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes – all working age customers will be treated the same • Legislation separates the working age from the pension age. Pension age not affected by changes.

<p><u>Stage 4 – Action Planning, Review & Monitoring</u></p>	
<p>If No Further Action is required then go to – Review & Monitoring</p> <p>(1) Action Planning – Specify any changes or improvements which can be made to the service or policy to mitigate or eradicate negative or adverse impact on specific groups, including resource implications.</p>	<p>Following consultation, the changes proposed are to be reviewed. The scheme will be reviewed annually thereafter.</p> <p>The Council has established a full project plan to ensure that changes are introduced correctly, accurately and on time</p>
<p>(2) Review and Monitoring State how and when you will monitor policy and EIA Action Plan</p>	<p>Full monitoring of scheme implementation will be undertaken on a monthly basis in line with the accepted project plan.</p> <p>The Revenues and Benefits Service will undertake monthly and quarterly collection of data.</p> <p>The Council will review the policy annually. It is expected that due to changes in legislation and funding, that the level of Council Tax Support available will change annually.</p>

‘An Equality Impact Assessment on this policy was undertaken on 15 October 2013’